



Osorb[®]

Novel Technology Systems for the Treatment of Produced Water PWUnit#1 and SkidUnit#1

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Swelling Glass. A novel material.



ABSMaterials makes **Osorb**; a glass engineered to rapidly swell and absorb “O”rganic molecules.

Produced Water Absorbers, LLC is a division established to develop solutions for Oil Waters.

Osorb captures:

BTEX

Hydrocarbons

Natural Gas

Acetone

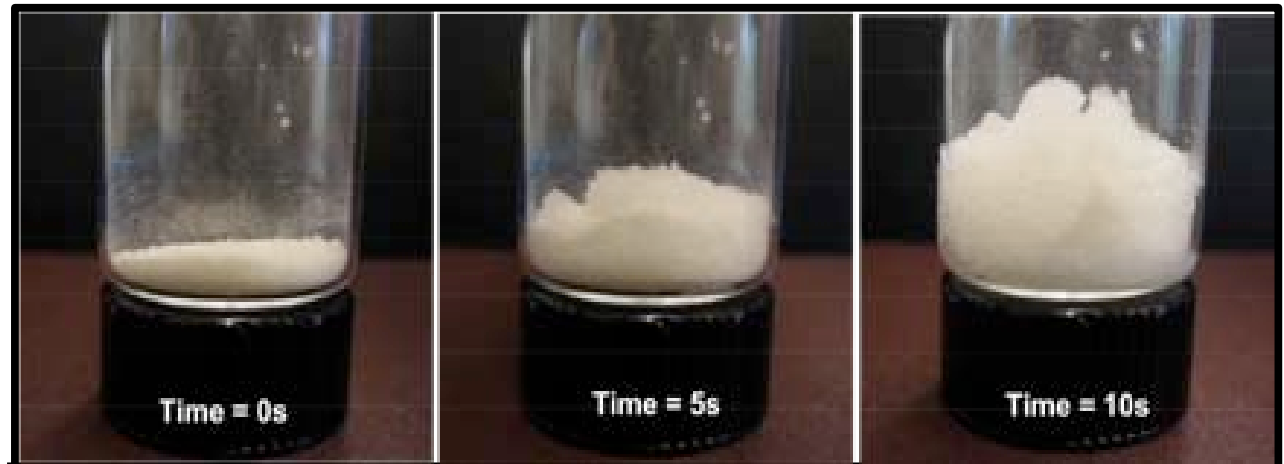
Methanol

Pharmaceuticals

Halogenated Solvents

Non-Ionic Surfactants

Organic Acids



Osorb does not absorb water.

Osorb for Produced Water Treatment



Osorb is hydrophobic and will not absorb water.

Works at temps up to 210 C and pH up to 10.5

Captures 2-8x its own weight in target compounds

Osorb rapidly swells and holds targeted species

Osorb is a fully reversible and reusable material



Treatment of Gulf PW w/ Osorb



- Lab scale of Osorb glass for PW treatment.



Produced water sample
from a Gulf platform

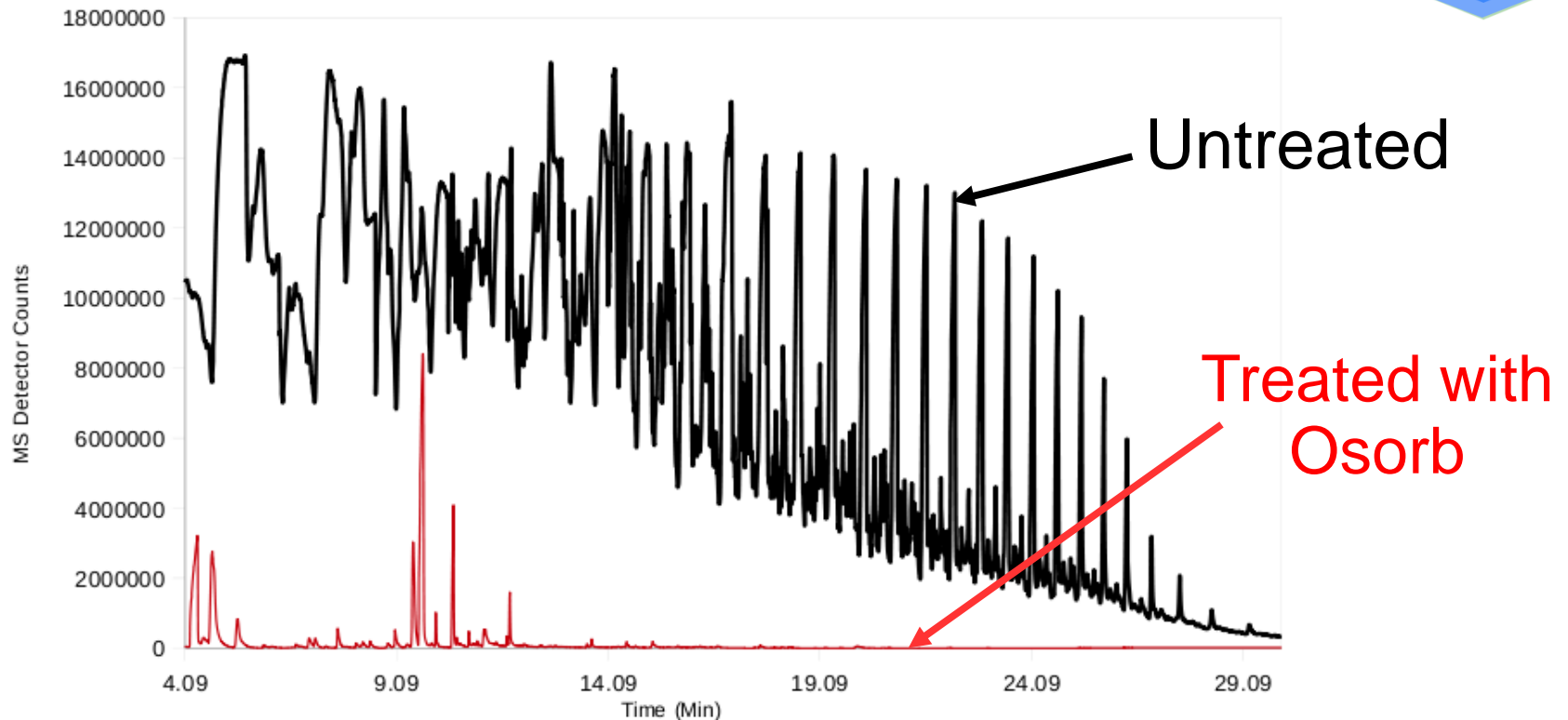


Treatment with Osorb



Resulting water

WY Flowback + PW Evap Pond



GC-MS analyses of **(black)** untreated Wyoming produced water and **(red)** water after 60 second treatment with 10% w/v Osorb. Note the huge number of surfactants+polymers

These results were repeatable when only using **.5% w/v** Osorb

Extraction efficiency of **99.2%** was maintained at **33.5 F**

Dissolved Toluene Pulled from PW

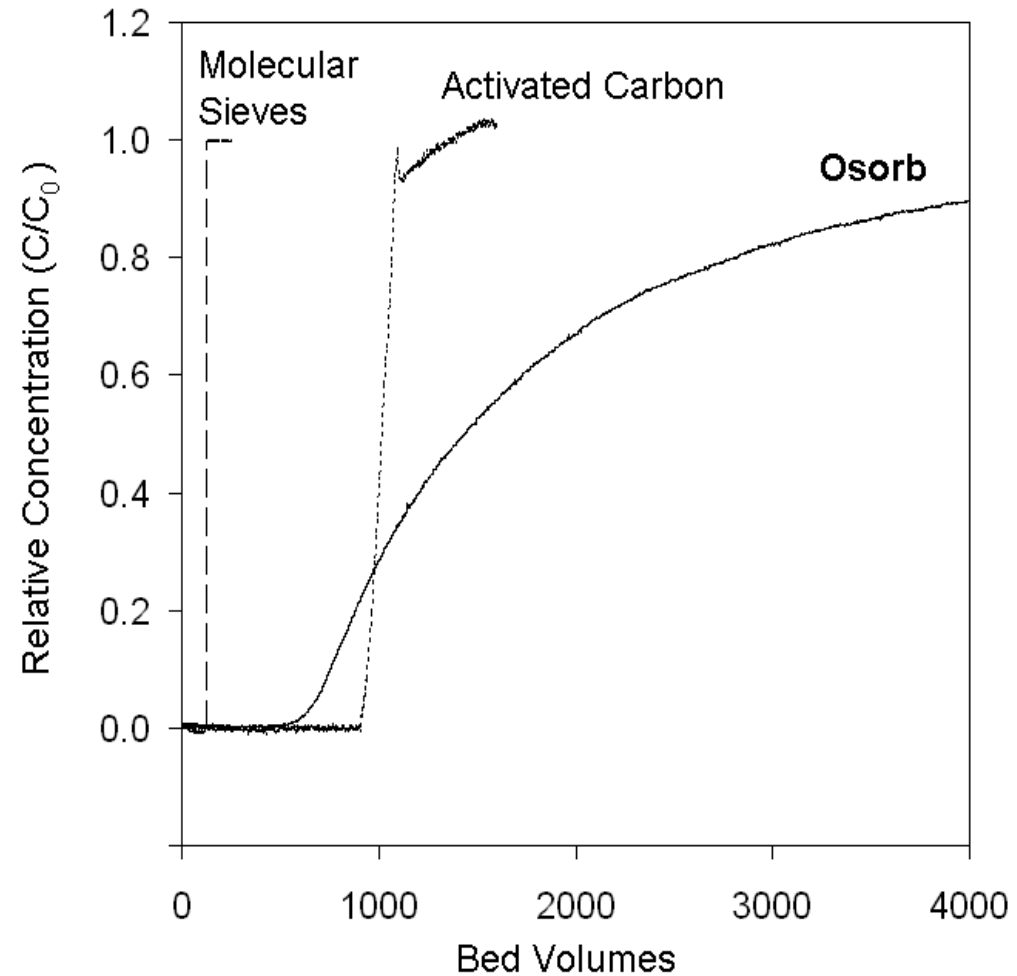


Osorb will remove 5-7 times its weight of Toluene:

Similar results for:

- Other BTEX compounds
- Hydrocarbons
- Organic Acids
- most Biocides
- some Frac Fluids

Osorb is fully regenerated with heat and/or rinsing.



Extraction of 400 ppm toluene from water comparing Osorb to activated carbon and molecular sieves.

System Specifications



- Designed to treat produced water, flowback water, and slop water at 1.5 bbl/min
- Trailer-mounted, self-contained system including on-board diesel generator
- Designed to handle contaminant concentrations requiring 0.5-12% w/v Osorb.
- Flow-through design in which Osorb is in a continuous cycle between contaminant capture and regeneration.

Right: Production Manager Doug Martin prepares the system for treatment of Clinton formation produced water at the ABS test facilities in Wooster, OH.



Collection of Osorb for Regeneration



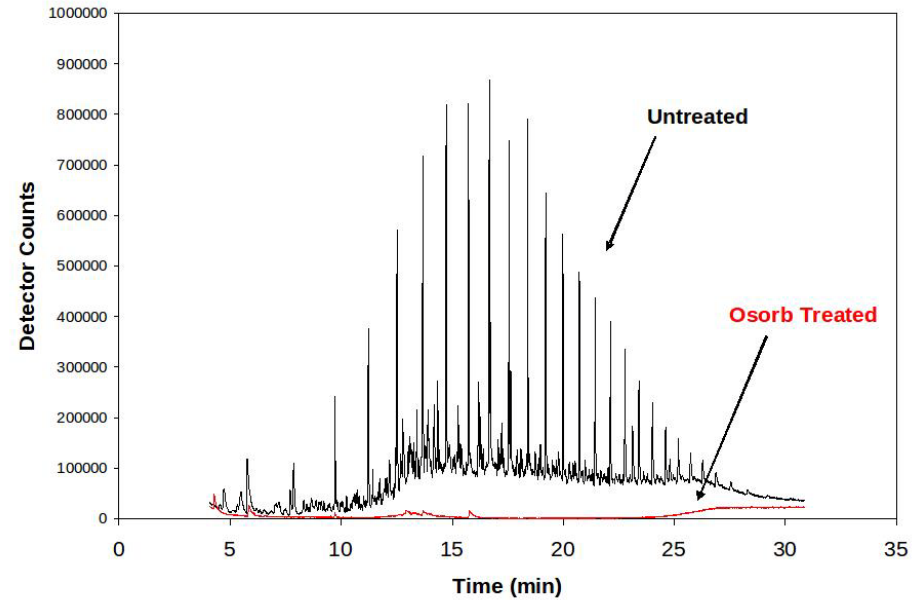
Above: Clean water and spent Osorb after treatment with PW Unit #1.

Pictured: Dr. Stephen Jolly and Doug Martin

Below: Contaminant-laden Osorb has been separated from the treated water and is ready for regeneration



Field Pilot: Clinton Formation PW



The system reduced the 277 ppm TPH in the untreated produced water to 0.1 ppm TPH.

A 99.9% reduction in TPH

PW Unit #1 Regeneration System



- .The Regeneration System will be used to restore the glass for reuse in the system.
- .System consists of a double cone vacuum dryer (conoform dryer), condenser, and thermal fluid temperature controller.
- .Thermal desorption, and solvent rinsing when necessary, will be used to restore the Osorb.
- .System will be mounted on an additional trailer for mobility

System #2 - Fixed Bed SkidUnit#1



Pressure Gauges/
Air Release Valves

Stainless Vessels

Flow Meter

System Output

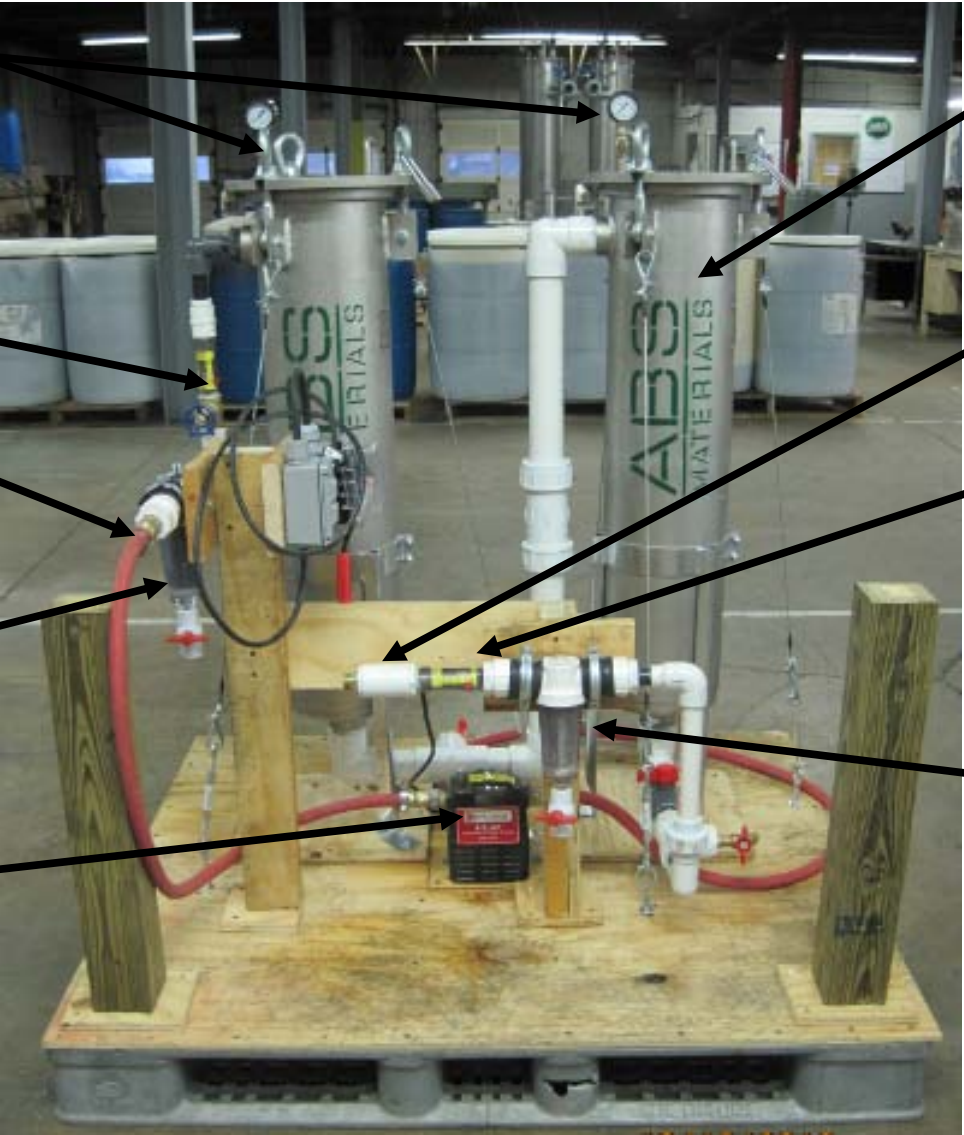
System Input

Flow Meter

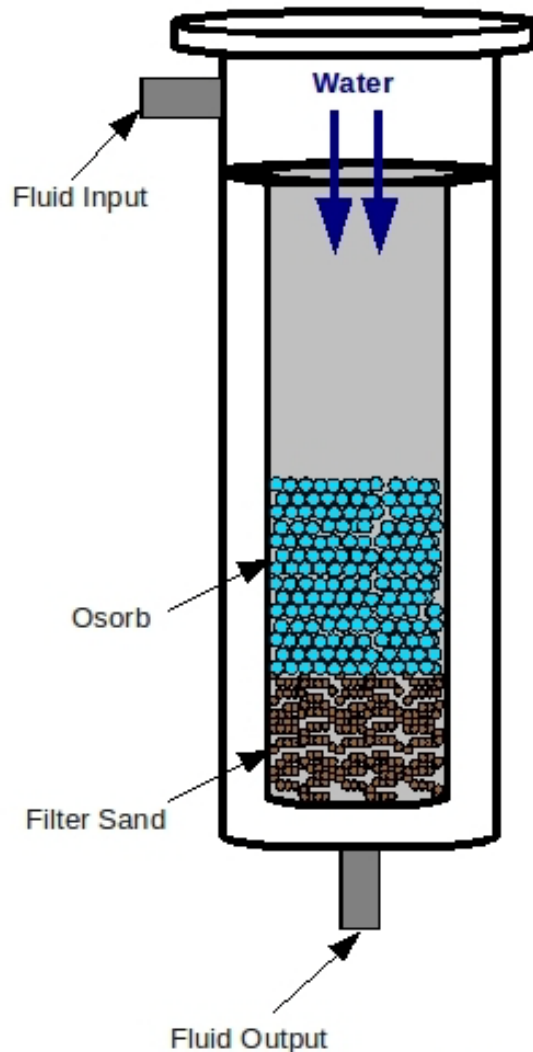
Solid Removal Filter

Osorb Recovery Filter

Pump



Capture-Only Fixed Bed Pilot Unit



- . Utilizes a fixed bed of Osorb
- . No regeneration system
- . Changeable filter bags
- . Flow rates of 1-4 gpm
- . Flow rate, # of vessels, and amount of Osorb can be modified as necessary

Capture-Only Fixed Bed Pilot #1



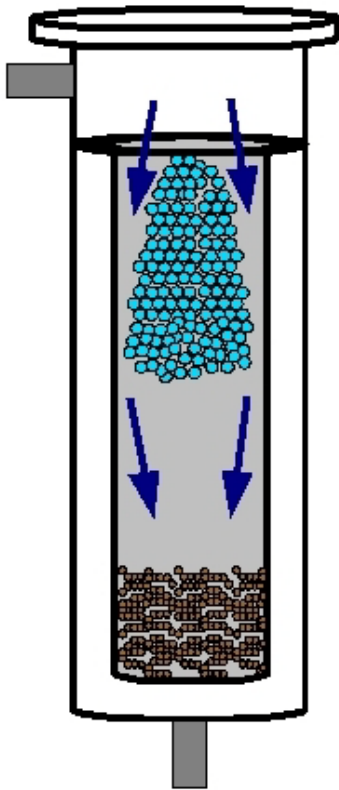
Collaborative testing with the Global Petroleum Research Institute (GPRI) at Texas A&M – 100 gallon test runs at 2 gpm

Analyte	Untreated Water (ppm)	25 gal (ppm)	50 gal (ppm)	75 gal (ppm)	100 gal (ppm)	% Reduction
Benzene	4.24	0.114	0.139	0.194	0.206	95.14%
Ethylbenzene	0.094	0.0016	0.0022	0.0025	0.0027	97.12%
Toluene	0.244	0.046	0.55	0.088	0.094	61.47%
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.01	0.0011	0.0014	0.0019	0.0019	61.47%
Total Xylenes	0.062	0.011	0.015	0.018	0.019	69.35%
Oil&Grease	11.5				0	100.00%

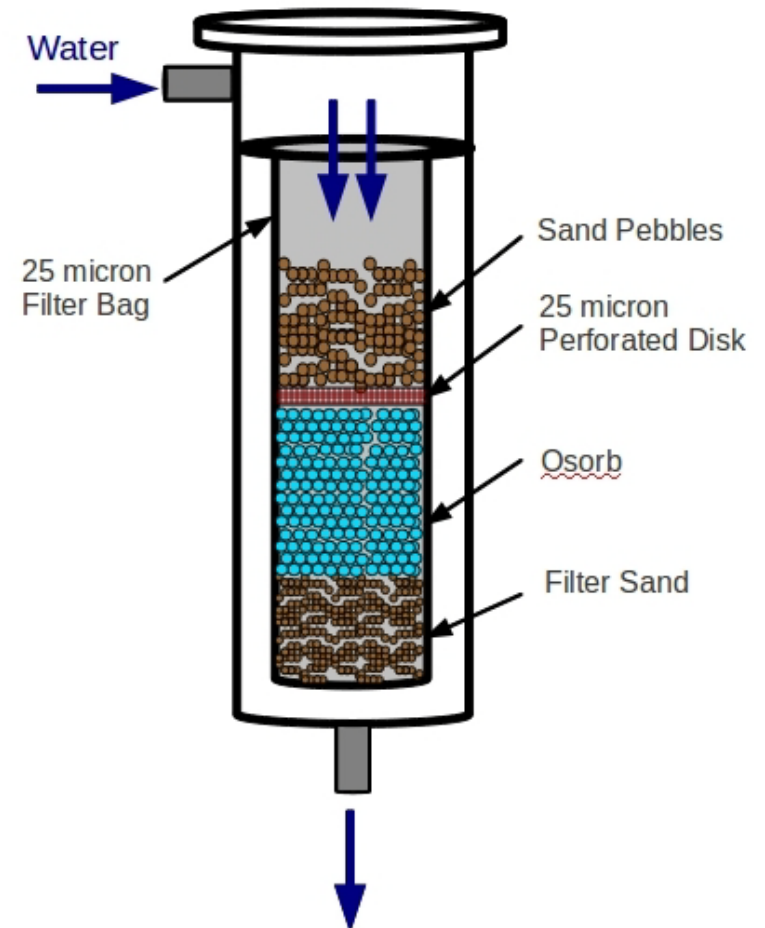
Capture-Only Fixed Bed Pilot Unit



Low density Osorb created preferred paths



Modified for improved capture efficiency



Capture-Only Fixed Bed Pilot #2



Clinton Formation PW– 50 gallon test run at 2 gpm

Analyte	Untreated Water (ppm)	50 gal (ppm)	% Reduction
Benzene	1.28	0	100.00%
Toluene	1.4	0.08	94.20%
p-Xylene	2.83	0.18	93.80%
Oil&Grease	290	2.48	99.10%

System Design Comparison



Fluidized Bed

- .Requires less Osorb
- .Less complicated regeneration
- .Higher flow rates
- .Continuous operation

Fixed Bed

- .More predictable interactions between Osorb and contaminants
- .Smaller system footprint
- .Fewer moving parts
- .More complicated regeneration

Development Process



- . The PWUnit#1 – Last Phase Testing of Restore
 - . To be deployed – March 2011 – Wamsutter, Wy
- . The SkidUnit#1 – Additional pre-filtration being added
 - . To be deployed – March 2011
- . Downhole Tools – deal under negotiation



Thanks

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